

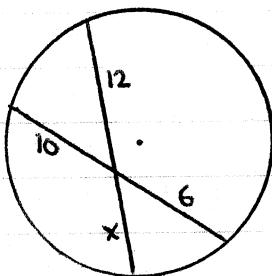
Geometry Ch 10-6 Exer., pg 684 #1-11, 13-18

1. The part of the secant segment that is outside the circle is called the external segment.
2. Explain the difference between a tangent segment and a secant segment.

The tangent segment intersects a circle at a single point, while the secant segment intersects the circle at two points.

Find the value of x .

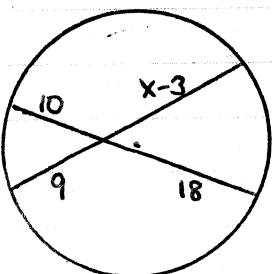
3.



$$(10)(6) = (12)(x)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 60 = 12x \\ \hline 5 = x \end{array}$$

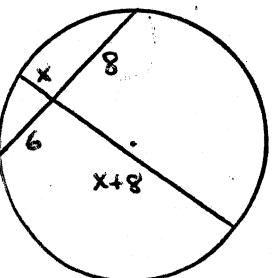
4.



$$(10)(18) = (9)(x-3)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 180 = 9x - 27 \\ 207 = 9x \\ 23 = x \end{array}$$

5.



$$(6)(8) = (x)(x+8)$$

$$48 = x^2 + 8x$$

$$0 = x^2 + 8x - 48$$

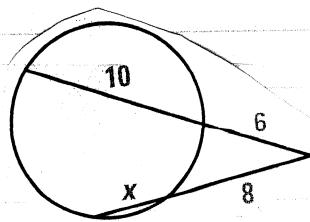
$$0 = (x+12)(x-4)$$

$$x = -12 \quad \text{and} \quad x = 4$$

Remember:
We only consider positive measures of length.

Find the value of x .

6.



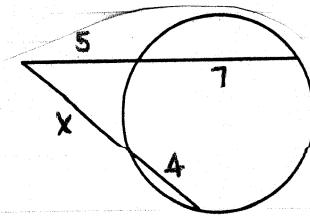
$$6(10+6) = 8(x+8)$$

$$96 = 8x + 64$$

$$32 = 8x$$

$$\boxed{4 = x}$$

7.



$$5(5+7) = x(x+4)$$

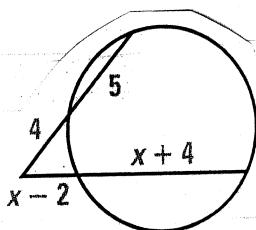
$$60 = x^2 + 4x$$

$$0 = x^2 + 4x - 60$$

$$0 = (x+10)(x-6)$$

$$\cancel{x=-10}; \quad \boxed{x=6}$$

8.



$$4(4+5) = (x-2)[(x-2)+(x+4)]$$

$$36 = (x-2)(2x+2)$$

$$36 = 2x^2 + 2x - 4x - 4$$

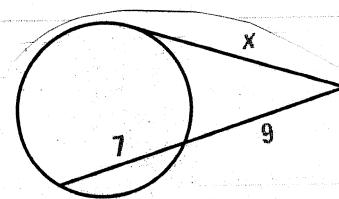
$$0 = 2x^2 - 2x - 40$$

$$0 = x^2 - x - 20$$

$$0 = (x-5)(x+4)$$

$$\boxed{x=5}; \quad \cancel{x=-4}$$

9.

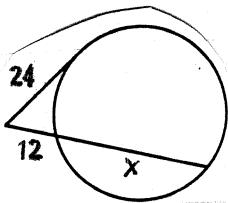


$$x^2 = 9(9+7)$$

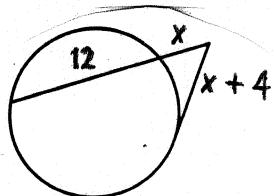
$$x^2 = 144$$

$$\boxed{x=12}; \quad \cancel{x=-12}$$

10.



11.



$$(24)^2 = 12(12+x)$$

$$576 = 144 + 12x$$

$$432 = 12x$$

$$\boxed{36 = x}$$

$$x(x+12) = (x+4)^2$$

$$x^2 + 12x = x^2 + 8x + 16$$

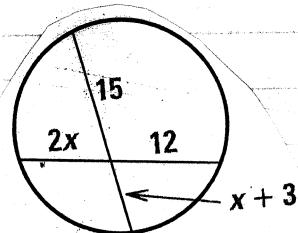
$$12x = 8x + 16$$

$$4x = 16$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$

find the value of x; rounding to the nearest tenth.

13.



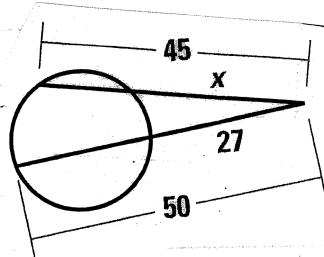
$$15(x+3) = 2x(12)$$

$$15x + 45 = 24x$$

$$45 = 9x$$

$$\boxed{5 = x}$$

14.

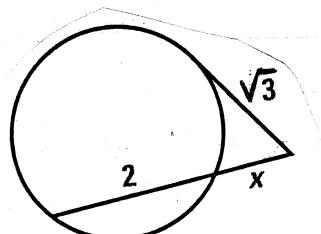


$$x(45) = 27(50)$$

$$45x = 1350$$

$$x = 30$$

15.



$$(\sqrt{3})^2 = x(x+2)$$

$$3 = x^2 + 2x$$

$$0 = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

$$0 = (x+3)(x-1)$$

~~$$x = -3 ; \boxed{x = 1}$$~~

★ MULTIPLE CHOICE Which of the following is a possible value of x ?

16.

- (A) -2
- (B) 4
- (C) 5
- (D) 6

$$2(2x+6) = (x)(x)$$

$$4x + 12 = x^2$$

$$0 = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

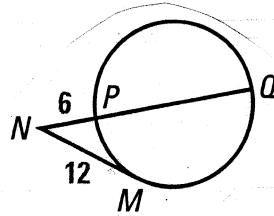
$$0 = (x-6)(x+2)$$

$$\boxed{x=6} ; \quad x=-2$$

$x=-2$ is a solution to the equation. However, we only consider positive measures of length.

Find PQ. Round answers to the nearest tenth.

17.



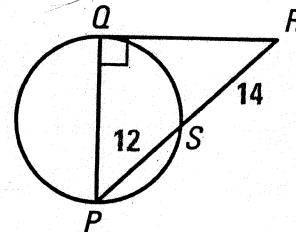
$$(12)^2 = 6(6 + PQ)$$

$$144 = 36 + 6(PQ)$$

$$108 = 6(PQ)$$

$$\boxed{18 = PQ}$$

18.



$$(QR)^2 = 14(14 + 12)$$

$$(QR)^2 = 364$$

$$QR = \sqrt{364}$$

Pyth Thm: $(QP)^2 + (QR)^2 = (PR)^2$

$$(QP)^2 + (\sqrt{364})^2 = (26)^2$$

$$(QP)^2 + 364 = 676$$

$$(QP)^2 = 312$$

$$QP = \sqrt{312}$$

$$\boxed{QP = 17.7}$$