**Chapter 19 Political Reform & the Progressive Era: Pages 640-655**

Directions: As you read the text, answer the questions/complete the task. Your answers should be in complete sentences. Use a separate sheet of paper to record your answers.

**Section 1: The Gilded Age and Progressive Reform**

1. What was the time period after the Civil War referred to as?
2. What does this term suggest about society?
3. What two things were Americans concerned about when it came to politics?
4. What does the term “spoils system” mean?
5. What Congressional Act attempted to get rid of the spoils system and what took its place?
6. What law was passed that regulated companies that conducted business between states and the agency that was created to do it?
7. What act attempted to control the power of trusts, was it effective? Explain.
8. What caused corruption to spread in some American cities and who was one of the most famous corrupt politicians?
9. What was the name of the group that wanted to change the system for the good of the people?
10. What is Wisconsin known for when it comes to reforms?
11. Duplicate the chart titled *Progressive Political Reforms*
12. What branch of the federal government opposed the income tax*?*
13. What did the 16th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution allow?
14. What did the 17th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution allow?
15. What is a *Muckraker?*

**Section 2: The Progressive Presidents**

Directions: As you read the text, answer the questions/complete the task. Your answers should be in complete sentences. Use a separate sheet of paper to record your answers.

1. At what level of government did progressives make the most gains?
2. When did the progressives start making gains at the national level?
3. How did Theodore Roosevelt become President of the United States?
4. What elected position did Theodore Roosevelt hold before he became Vice-President?
5. What was Roosevelt’s definition of a “good” trust?
6. When was the first time the Sherman Anti-Trust Act was used successfully against big business?
7. What three major trusts did Roosevelt break-up?
8. What was the reason Roosevelt “sided with” the Pennsylvania coal miners who were on strike?
9. What did Roosevelt’s “Square Deal” mean?
10. List two ways Roosevelt took action to conserve the nation’s natural resources.
11. What did the book *The Jungle* expose and who wrote it?
12. Make a “T” chart that lists the ways William Howard Taft supported progressive policies and opposed progressive policies.
13. Draw 3 squares next to each other, label each of the them with the political party & their candidate running in the election of 1912.
14. Who won the 1912 Presidential election and why?
15. What was the name of Wilson’s program to “restore free competition? Create a chart that illustrates the 3 laws and what they did in order to achieve this goal.

**Section 3: The Rights of Women**

1. What event “marked the start of an organized women’s right movement in America?”
2. What two women formed the National Woman Suffrage Movement (NWSA)?
3. What four western states allowed women the right to vote in the late 1880s?
4. Why did members of Congress oppose Wyoming’s application for statehood?
5. What was Wyoming’s response to Congress’s opposition?
6. What is a *suffragist?*
7. What did the 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution allow and when was it passed?
8. What two occupations were women denied a license despite having the right to vote?
9. Create a chart that illustrates the women fighting for the right to vote, improved working conditions, and “the crusade against alcohol.” (4 women total)
10. What did the 18th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution do?

**Section 4: The Struggles for Justice**

1. What were Southern laws that enforced segregation called?
2. What institution did Booker T.Washington help found in 1881?
3. Did Booker T. Washington accept segregation or oppose it?
4. What was the name of the black leader who did not agree with Washington’s view on segregation?
5. What was the name of the organization formed in 1909 that fought for equal rights for African-Americans?
6. What violent crime did Ida B. Wells actively campaign against?
7. What was President Woodrow Wilson’s opinion concerning segregation?
8. What was the name of organizations created to help Mexican immigrants and Mexican-Americans?
9. Describe the 1907 Gentlemen’s Agreement.
10. What was the name of the organization created by Jews and what was its purpose?